overview

An estimated 11,050 children (0-14) and 5,800 adolescents (15-19) will be diagnosed with cancer in the U.S. this year.

approximately 1 in 389 children will be diagnosed with cancer before age 15.

more boys are diagnosed with cancer resulting in a higher mortality rate for boys vs. girls. 35%

most common types

ages 0-14

1) Leukemia
2) Brain and other central nervous system tumors
3) Neuroblastoma
4) Non-Hodgkin lymphoma

ages 15-19

1) Thyroid
2) Hodgkin lymphoma
3) Brain and central nervous system tumors
4) Non-Hodgkin lymphoma

100 active clinical trials at COG hospitals

100 children and adolescents are treated at one of the 200 Children's Oncology Group (COG) hospitals.

cancer treatment

survivorship

“late effects” refers to physical, emotional and cognitive problems that occur months or years after treatment has ended.

nearly 2/3 of all childhood cancer survivors will experience one or more late effect(s).

Leukemia survivors account for 1/3 of all childhood and adolescent survivors.

close to 400,000 survivors of childhood and adolescent cancer.

Average 5-year average survival rate*

85% adolescents 15-19

84% children 0-14

*Varies by diagnosis, age at diagnosis and stage.

Long-term follow-up care is vital

70+ long-term follow-up clinics can be found at https://www.thenccs.org/long-term-clinics

http://www.thenccs.org/cancer-facts

(based on children in the U.S. - source: American Cancer Society Cancer Facts & Figures 2020)